FOR PRESIDENT: HORATIO SEYMOUR, OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR, OF MISSOURI.

Second Congressional District. The Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress for the Second District assembled in Newbern on Tuesday, September 8th. The counties of Carteret, Craven, Jones, Lenoir and Pitt were represented. As not one-half of the counties were represented, a committee was appointed to suggest the proper action for the Convention, which reported the following resolutions

Resolved, By the counties of Carteret, Craven, Jones, Pitt and Lenoir, in Convention assembled at Newbern, that a District Convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress held at Newbern, at eleven o'clock, at the Seymour and Blair Club House, on the 17th day of September inst., and that all the counties in the District are hereby requested to send Dele-

Resolved, That the action of this Convention be published in the Journal of Commerce, the the papers in the District friendly to the causeand that the Corresponding Secretary of the Central Club of Newbern be requested to communicate the same to the Central Clubs of each county in the District.

These resolutions were adopted and the Convention adjourned. We trust our friends in the Second District will respond to this invitation from a portion of the counties. The enthusiasm which marked the State Convention, and that which called together the great gathering in Fayetteville on Wednesday, we hope will not be lost on our friends in the Second District. No honest effort must be spared to carry North Carolina for SEYMOUR and BLAIR. Upon the

Georgia Legislature Who Turned Out the Negroes ?

What are the facts of the case.

ble for their disqualification ?

Second : Did the white Radicals vote to retain them in office ?

Democratic and Radical members of the wickedness. Legislature, under their oaths to support the Constitution, were bound to vote for New Hanover, then, we ask these men to the expulsion of the negro members. And withdraw their call, and, failing in this, such was really the case, as the sequel will we plead to the acting Governor, yes, even

the original draft of the Constitution, as re- | der, it may be into bloodshed. ported from the committee, contained the following section in the article on Elections : (And it must be remembered that the Convention which adopted the Constimembers.)

shall be eligible to any office in this State, unless by the Constitution of the United States.

There could be no doubt that this article conferred upon negroes the right to hold office, and is almost identical with a simi-North Carolina, which renders colored persons eligible to office in this State. This section was stricken out by a vote of 126 yeas to 12 navs—the yeas including nearly every Convention, were fearful of the negro su- payment of the interest on it. premacy in the lower portions of the State. To catch this vote, therefore, they quieted to a gentleman in Washington City : their fears of negro supremacy by refusing to confer upon that race the right to hold claimed this fact in the first speech he made January, 1869. in the interests of the Radicals in North | I regard the payment of the interest to fall due the Legislature. And how did these members vote upon this question?

the second branch of our discussion-how with tolerable fairness, it will, I have no doubt, did the white Radicals in the Legislature vote? Independent of the twenty-five expelled colored members, there were sixty odd white Radicals, for ex-Governor Brown received in the House ninety-one votes for Maine to-morrow. Both parties are ma-United States Senator, which would go to king a most active and thorough canvass, show there must be sixty-six white Radi- and a large vote may be expected. Last cals in that body. Of these we know but year a Radical Legislature had made a most his face and hands in a painful manner. twenty-three voted to retain the negroes in odious liquor and constabulary law, which office, for the vote was eighty for expul- disgusted a very large portion of their parsion and twenty-three against. It follows ty, who showed their disapproval of these that upwards of two-thirds of the white measures by remaining from the polls, and procession Wednesday night, inflicting a Radicals either voted that the negroes were although the Democratic vote was less by painful, though not serious, wound in the not eligible, or failed to vote at all. Such is nearly one thousand than in the two the state of the case, and Radicals cannot elections, State and Presidential, of 1864, name we could not learn. honestly deny their responsibility in the yet the Radical majorities of that year were premises.

The Literary Pastime. Number six of this new candidate for appear from the following table : public favor has been received. We congratulate the proprietor at the superior literary merits of his paper. In the next 1864

issue a patriotic and biographical sketch of 1866... the late Hon. D. L. Swain is promised. This is a purely Southern enterprise, and deserves the patronage of our people upon its own merits as well. Terms three dollars a year. Address A. F. Crutchfield. Richmond, Va.

Col. A. A. McKey.

We hail with pleasure the nomination of of the election to-morrow. this able and eloquent son of Sampson County for Congress in this District. It progress of the campaign in Maine, and is a compliment well merited. Colonel we are satisfied that much the greater part McKoy has represented his county in the of the enthusiasm and carnestness has been Convention of 1865, with credit and honor. An able debater, an eloquent speaker, a cially popular with the New England Demlawyer of distinction and large practice, ocrats, and their opinions were not conan upright citizen, and an active, indus- sulted in this regard. But on the other trious laborer in the ranks of Conservaportant contest is as well advised as it will ation of the Government, and have become prove satisfactory to the people of the so disgusted with the corruptions of the

We presume Colonel McKoy will enter at an early day into a thorough canvass of the District, and we feel well assured that, with Captain Dobbin, the District Elector, the party will have champions well worthy of Maine have suffered and perished under its noble cause. In the selection of both these gentlemen the people of the District have reason to congratulate themselves.

It Means Mischief. We learn through the Raleigh Standard that "Justices of the Peace in Rowan, New Hanover and Rockingham counties, in accordance with law, have called on Raleigh Sentinel, the Wilmington Journal and all the Governor to detail some militia in those counties to 'preserve the peace and enforce the laws.'" Of Rowan and Rockso far as New Hanover is concerned, this desire to provoke trouble. We know not or the law outraged in this county to require the interposition of the State's standing army. We have heard of no attempt to resist the Sheriff or his deputies-not even an unusual violation of any-the most trivial-criminal law.

result in this State possibly the success of soldiers? Who are the men, and what the campaign may rest. We are too much | their characters and their interests in this interested-vitally interested-in success to county, who demand the aid of a partisan bring upon our cause defeat by our own militia? What new wickedness is in contemplation in this call to arms, when our section is standing on the very verge of violent disorder, and when good men are Radical papers are attempting to make successfully using their efforts to prevent good by falsehoods what they were unable disturbance, and bad men are vainly en to substantiate by proofs, that the Demo- deavoring to stir up strife? Do these crats are responsible for the expulsion of "Justices of the Peace," giving the lie to the negroes from the Georgia Legislature. their official oaths, intend to provoke difficulty and bring on a violation of the peace? First : Are negroes eligible to office in Whoever they may be we appeal to them, Georgia, and if not, what party is responsi- in the name of peace and good order, to withdraw their useless and dangerous call -to forego their wicked purposes. The people of New Hanover do not require the If the Constitution of that State really con- interposition of the military, and their fers upon colored persons the right to hold organization and equipment will be at office, although the Democrats did all they tended with trouble. This movement, we could to defeat its adoption, they would be fear, will be accepted as a threat and will the last to deprive them of any privilege | be forthwith met by organization on the granted by the Constitution. No attempt part of the citizens. Men who organize would be made to curtail any right granted militia in violation of the laws of the by the fundamental law of the State to the United States, and attempt acts contrary colored race, so long as it remained in force. to the Constitution of their own State, But on the other hand, if it does not con- must have a care that they are not themfer on them the right to hold office, both | selves the victims of their own folly and

In behalf of the law-abiding people of to W. W. Holden, not to countenance this We learn from a Georgia exchange that attempt to plunge our county into disor-

Interest on the State Debt

tianal Intelligencer. The writer we take to well armed. The back of their victim is be the Postmaster at Raleigh. Upon what in a most horribly bruised and bloody contution was composed entirely of Radical authority Mr. Miller bases his opinion, we dition. do not know. As a well-wisher of the State Sec. 10. All qualified electors, and none others, and jealous of its honor, we sincerely trust disqualified by the Constitution of this State, or his views may be correct. We are, however, unprepared to endorse them, and cannot publish the letter without expressing our doubts of their correctness. We to have the scoundrels punished to the utwill not willingly lead our friends into er- most extent the law will permit. Let oth- suddenly the great bronzed sword in the make nothing of them. He was declared lar section in the present Constitution of ror in regard to our State bonds, even to enhance their value.

We hope the Legislature has made provision for the payment of the interest, and we trust the people will be able to meet white Radical in the Convention. The the demand, but we do not believe either man who made the motion to strike out is the case. We know, independent of the and many of his supporters in that body lavish expenditure of money by that body, are to-day among the leading Radical poli- it pledged the name of the State to several ticians in the State. The reason for this millions more of bonds, which we believe action is thus explained. In Upper Geor- will never be paid, and should not be paid. gia the white population is largely in the And we further believe that such legislaascendancy, and while they were much tion has rather a tendency to impair the pleased with the "relief" measures of the value of the old debt, than provide for the

The letter is as follows, and was written

RALEIGH, N. C., August 31, 1868. office. And shortly after the adjournment provided, by a tax bill, now in process of collec-

on those days as certain ; also, all that may fall Georgia. By this very argument the peo- due thereafter, at any dates. There will be no ple of those counties were induced to vote evasion or repudiation of payment by North Carvictory. We can if we will, and nothing the Radical ticket, and elect Radicals to ample, which I trust and believe they will never

Your advice to your friends has been sound.— We see in North Carolina—as, indeed, the whole The answer to this inquiry brings us to citement; but if the elections shall be conducted Union appears to be-a state of high political ex-

The annual State election takes place in reduced nearly ten thousand, and that of

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR. Dem. Rep. Rep. Maj. 46,403 65,583 19,180 .31,609 54,430 22,82141,947 69,63745,990 57.832 111,584 103,322

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT. Dem. Rep. Rep. Maj. Total Vote. 46,988 67,805 20,817 114,793 114,793

It will be seen that the average Radical majority for the past five years is a little over twenty thousand, and it is from this

stand-point we should compare the returns

Legislature and in the Constitutional with the Democrats. Neither the candidates nor the platform of the party are spehand, the people of Maine have suffered so tism, his selection as a leader in this im- much from the enormous and unequal tax-Radical party, that it is hoped and expected that the usual majority will be greatly reduced, if not entirely overcome. Democratic speakers have demonstrated to her people how the great industrial interests the burdens of Radical legislation; the ruinous results of Jacobin rule have been brought home to them and they begin to look with favor upon their opponents.

In summing up its considerations upon this election, the Boston Post remarks: "A word or two in reference to the election in year the Radical majority was 11,766, the year before it was 27,700, that is the Democracy made gain in one year of about 17,000 in a total vote of 04,000. This was one of the most extraordinary ingham we are not prepared to speak, but, small portion of it was fairly attributable to call proceeds from a malicious and wicked tion before the people is a national one. If therefore, the Democracy retain their gain of last year, or even keep the Radical majority down to prodigious change in Maine on national ques-

We ought not fairly to expect more at this time, and we ought to receive such a result as conclu sive evidence that a change had begun, which would result in the certain success of our Presidential candidate. We hope for more-we hope, not only, that the gain of last year will bore tained, but increased-but surely if our hopes are dieap, ointed and we get in place of it a gain of cumstances of last and this year's elections, we there are laws in Prussia, and I can sue

Daily Journal, 13th.

Outrage Upon a Colored Democrat.

The President of the Democratic Club in this city yesterday received a letter from farthing all the miller had lost. a gentleman at Council's Bluff, Bladen county, alluding to an outrage perpetrated rebuilt the mill, and paid all damages. by Union League negroes upon Henry on Thursday night last. Freeman himself another Emperor was on the throne. came to the city yesterday and bore testihad been speaking, on Thursday last to price may be such as to please your Majes-Council's Bluff for the purpose of speaking with his own hand, wrote a reply. He there the next day and fulfilling some oth- wrote simply this: er appointments in the county. That poor. I am sorry for it. You are willing night he was lodged in the dining room of the house of a gendeman, with a trusted Prussian history. Enclosed find my check servant. About 11 o'clock he was aroused for \$5,000. Yours, respectfully." And the by a gang of negroes who seized upon his throat to prevent any cries, and proceeded to drag him out through the woods for about a mile and a half, all the time nearly choking him to death. They then halted, and after cursing him repeatedly, they told him of their knowledge of his intention to speak and swore he should not | windmill with its ungainly arms. do it. They then stripped him of his coat and shirt, tied him up by his hands, and proceeded to belabor him most unmercifully with whips, sticks and poles, all the while standing with guns at his head and threatening to shoot him should he make the least noise. He was at last permitted to return, with a final threat that they would shoot him if he attempted to speak. We find the following letter in the Na- The crowd numbered about twenty, all

being made to trace out the others. They will be arrested and confronted with the law. It is the determination of our friends ers take warning and beware.

The Electoral Ticket.

is now complete. It is one of which the party may be proud, and from which it will receive much aid, from the ability and energy of the gentlemen who compose it. We trust they will soon enter upon a thorough canvass, and spare no effort to secure their election, and the vote of North Carolina for SEYMOUR and BLAIR. Democratic party of the United States has organized for victory. Its platform and States, and we believe that, as sure as the ides of November will come, the people thanks to Heaven for their deliverance. contest, and contribute her share to the result.

Accidents in Fayetteville, On the first day of the Convention an accident happened to a young man named Mashbourne of the Bladen delegation which came very near resulting seriously. He chanced to pass in front of one of the cannon just as it was fired. The wadding and sacrifice not a single glory or princistruck him in the side, breaking and completely ruining his watch, also causing the fracture of three of his ribs and burning He has been conveyed home and was doing well at last accounts.

A pistol was accidentally discharged in the back of the head of a young man whose

Congressional Candidates.

The Democrats and Conservatives of this 1866, by nearly seventeen thousand, as will State, with the exception of the Second District, have nominated their candidates Total Vote, strong one, and will bring out the full this anon. strength of the party. The following named gentlemen have been placed in nomina-

> 3d District-Colonel A. A. McKoy, of Sampson 4th District—Hon. Sion H. Rogers, of Wake. 5th District—Colonel Livingston Brown, of Case 6th District—F. E. Shober, Esq., of Rowan. 7th District—Capt. Plato Durham, of Cleveland.

Lee and Rosecranz Correspondence.

The ex-soldiers and sailors of the late We have noticed with much interest the Confederate States service, residing in purpose of ratifying the opinions and sen-

FIRST BALE OF NEW COTTON. -The first bale of new cotton received in this city came to Petteway & Moore, from Mr. Joseph Thompson, of Robeson county, who raised it. It was sold to Atkinson & Shepperson at 26 cents per pound.

The Windmill_A Scathing Rebuke of the

Radical Congress. Ex-Governor Fairfield, of Michigan, in a campaign speech delivered at Xenia, Ohio, related the following beautiful incident of Prussian history:

I remember seeing a windmill that seemed beautiful. It had its history. When Frederick the Great was Emperor of Prussia he went out a little way from Berlin and built him a palace at Sans Souei. He and effect was glorious. -- Raleigh Sentinel, 12th the Empress were seated one Sabbath afternoon in their beautiful grounds, and the Maine, which takes place next Monday. Last Princess said: "I don't like that old Forsythe, at Winston, on Tuesday, the windmill over there; I wish you would 29th inst., and of Stokes, at Danbury, on buy the grounds and tear it away, as it Thursday, the 1st day of October. mars the beauty of our grounds, being gains ever made in one year. A large part of it right alongside, and so near them here."was due to the State Constabulary and other laws, "I'll do it to-morrow," said he. So on the morrow he went to the miller and told him national issues. At the coming election nothing he wished to buy his little homestead. "I will be due to local State issues ; the only ques- don't wish to sell," said the miller. "But, said the Emperor, "I must have it. I wish to extend and beautify my grounds, and how the peace has been specially violated sixteen or seventeen thousand, it will show a your windmill is an eyesore to the Empress ;" but, said he, "my grandfather is buried yonder, and my father is buried there, and this has been the home of my ancestors for generations; I want to live and die here, and I cannot sell it." The Emperor, getting out of patience, said he would order his men to tear the mill down and take possession of the grounds. Said Why, therefore, this cal for armed ten or twelve thousand from 1866, under the cir- the miller, "May it please your Majesty,

you." "I don't care," said the Emperor,

and went on and tore down the mill. The

against the Emperor, and declared that he The Emperor bowed his head, went and ment of North Carolina on its bonds, the After awhile Frederick the Great was in his charter, and then either sell out the congrave, and the old miller was gone; but cern to other parties for a good price, or Freeman, a colored Democrat, at that place by and by another miller was there, and miller wrote to his reigning Majesty that mony to the fact and exhibited the marks fused to sell his windmill and homestead to of violence upon his person. Itappears that him, but said he, "I am poor, and need he came down from Fayetteville, where he the money, and I will sell, and hope the y; I must have \$5,000." The Emperor, "You say you are name and the great seal of the Emperor

I stood near that mill on a beautiful afternoon, such as there has been, and I wandered among the trees, or listened to the singing birds, and caught the fragrance from ten thousand beautiful flowers that filled the air with perfumes; I thought the most beautiful thing of all I saw was that

Hon. John T. Hoffman declared that "the day of the sword is passed," and related

"An incident occurred at the meeting of the National Convention which was an omen. That grand hall where the Convention met was full of patriotic men. Upon its walls were placed the shields of thirty-seven States, and around every shield was an American flag. Upon the platform stood two bronze statuettes of noble soldiers, one leaning upon a great bronze sword. The Convention had been in seshad been taken. First one was up and then another, and at last a gallant General, whose name has never been mentioned tertained these strange notions. The only anywhere save with respect - I mean Gen- colored man on the jury was pointed out. eral Hancock. No man knew whether on He was ordered into the Bar and examined the next ballot he was or was not to be by his Honor, but his answers were so chosen. Everything was uncertain, when vague and unintelligible that we could hand of that noble statue snapped asunder incompetent, withdrawn, a mis-trial deat the hilt. It was not touched by mortal clared and the case continued. hands-no human agency broke it, Some The State and District Electoral ticket mysterious, invisible, and irresistible power have a statesman and not a soldier for a leader." [Tremendous cheering.]

From the Banner of the South.

No Apology for the Past. nals, when discussing the political quescandidates are emblazened upon the tone of apology. We protest against such erased Holden's name from their rolls !escutcheons of thirty-seven sovereign apologies, and we have less respect than Billy serves his master faithfully. we would like to say for such apologists.-To speak or write of the Cause of the South in an apologetic tone may possibly, Dear Sir: To yours of the 27th instant, I reply of this country, disenthralled and free just now, be the best policy; but we, for Association, composed of planters residing rule and ruin, and were with pride and pleasure that our Legislature has from the tyranny which has so long op- one, scorn such policy. We would not in the counties of Pittsylvania, Halifax and party by thousands. of the Convention ex-Gov. Brown prointerest on the State debt in Convention of the Past to please any party or to win any political to please any party or to win any pa to please any party or to win any political victory. Better be just than successful.-North Carolina must take her part in this If there were anything in that Past to bring the blush of shame to our cheeksif there did not clearly exist Right on our side—then, indeed, there might be reason enough for apology and apologists.

No-we have nothing to apologize for nothing to ask pardon for. There is nothing in connection with our Cause to be ashamed of; and we ought to be far too proud to make an act of contrition for daring put on the suit of grey. Away, then, with apologies! When you speak of the South, and her People, and her Cause, use brave words; do not lower your tone, ple of the Past, to any or all the polices of the Present. Concession to the Present is oftentimes apostacy from the Past. If you are to choose between them, for the sake of the Dead that hallow our Land as they have hallowed our History, prefer the Past. If political triumphs, in the Present, are to be won, at the expense of our love for the Fast, let such triumphs, a thousand times, be lost. For God's sake, let us not worship mere success--it is a mean Religion, unworthy of a man. Let us exhibit a means, in order to achieve political victories. Right defeated is better than Wrong victorious. And the man of the South, who dares to apologize for our Cause, and our Course, commits the most heinous of all treasons-treason against our Great

Governor English has given all railroad conductors in Connecticut "special police" commissions, thus enabling them to more 1st District-Hon. David A. Barnes, of North- completely govern the conduct of passen-

ready for harvesting, and will yield from exhibited by those who would fain be mar-fifty to sixty bushels per acre.

STATE NEWS.

CONTEMPT OF COURT. - Yesterday evening Norfolk and Portsmouth, have published a while the Superior Court was in session, at rious wedding march' concluded the-bucall for a public meeting, which was to the court house, and his Honor, Judge have been held on Thursday night, for the Thomas on the bench. the court room was thrown into great confusion by the distiments contained in General Lee's late charge of a pistol, the ball of which struck letter. We regard this as a very proper ontside in the rear of the Judge's bench, near the window. The gentlemen composing the Bar and Jury, and also the spectators present in court, were greatly startled, some of them rushing to the window, others went down stairs. The greatest excitement prevailed, and the Sheriff, in court," but all in vain. For a while the court was completely intercepted. It appears that a crowd of lawless negro soldiers, who had been prowling about the court yard, either out of malice or with intention to interrupt the court, fired a pistol towards the Judge's window, whereupon the scoundrels took to their heels. And such is "PEACE."

Goldsboro' Rough Notes, 12th. Gov. Graham and P. F. Duffy, Esq., addressed a large and enthusiastic audience

GOV. GRAHAM will address the people of Raleigh Sentinel, 12th.

CHATHAM RAILBOAD. -- Yesterday the Chatham Railroad Bill was put through the Senate, under the operation of a motive power, the foundation of which lay, without reasonable doubt, in the bottom of a ong purse. The opposition, however, contested its passage with great skill, but were in so small a minority that the logic L. W. Wescott. of Corbin, the eloquence of Whitemore, and the ingenuity of Leslie availed no more than to retard the final result. That money | John Piggott. was spent freely by the Company, can hardly be questioned, and that it was 'loaned" to the State government besides | Haws. is a fact beyond dispute. This and this alone accounts for the passage of the Bill, as not a few of those who are interested in miller sued him, and the courts decided ever being commenced. It is generally re- gress. should rebuild the mill and pay to the last garded as a huge wild cat affair, the purpose of which was to get the endorseusual support of this State in the way of a rities, and take an air line for any place which an American Sheriff could not reach. This is the history of the Chatham Road. To the credit of the men already mentioned as leading the opposition to it, be it stated third reading. It is worthy of note that Leslie proposed an additional section to the Bill restraining the road from making any discriminations in carrying passengers or in its employees "on account of race, color or previous condition," and that the very! men like Randolph and Swails, who cried out so loudly against him last week amendment, thus illustrating beyond peradventure that their "principles" could not withstand the insinuating influences of

the Treasurer of the road.

Columbia Cor. of Charleston Courier. "HIGHER LAW."-A sad commentary on before yesterday. Two parties were tried In a recent speech at Buffalo, N. Y., for an affray and the case was given to the have a general discussion on both sides. jury. They retired; but soon returned. The proposition was accepted and an agreeinforming the Court that they had not ment made to meet at the church at 2 agreed and could not while the same jurors o'clock P. M. composed the panel-that the disagreement, however, arose not on the law or the evidence, but because some of the jurors professed to owe allegiance to a higher law Wilmington Colored Democratic Club, than that of this Court. The Court and bar was evidently somewhat startled. Intense silence for a short time prevailed .-Again the jury was ordered to retire .-Again their foreman returned asking for instructions. They were all ordered in .-The same reasons for disagreement, as before, were assigned. His Honor asked to be informed who the parties were that en-

snapped it at the hilt, and the word went Smith's malignant partisan administration forth that the country was henceforth to of the N. C. Railroad has just transpired. We mentioned on yesterday the rumor that he was sprinkling his dead-head tickets with a lavish hand to white and black much about the present cond Radicals. We learn that the Rev. W. T. country, or attempt to point With shame and regret, we have la'ely Walters, Agent of the Mission Board of peace and prosperity for the noticed that not a few of our public speak- the Baptist State Convention, recently ap- said that Grant and Colfax m ers, and very many of our Southern Jour- plied to Smith for the usual free pass for and rejoiced over the recent those thus engaged, and was refused, upon in Vermont. tions pending before the people, allude to the ground that one of the Societies of Wake our Past, when they allude to it at all, in a Forest College, some months since, had

BORDER AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—This nam and Person counties, in North Carolina, will hold their second Fair in the town of Danville, Va., on the 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d of October. Its members are intelligent and energetic, and are doing much for the promotion of agriculture in that section. Their second Fair will be a great occasion. W. T. Sutherlin, Esq., of Danville, Va., is the President, and Messrs. Wm. Long and E. Hunt, of Caswell, W. D. Bethel, of Rockingham, Col. J. W. Currigham, of Person, and others, are Vice Presidents. Dr. T. P. Atkinson, of Danville. Va., is the Corresponding Secretary.

A Ritualistic Wedding in England, gives the following account of a wedding recently celebrated at St. Paul's Church,

Brighton: "The ceremony, (or, according to the Blair, the Democratic candidates for Pre-Hora Paulina,' the sacrament,) was fixed, it was said, for ten and a half, A. M.; but before nine and a half o'clock the Church of St. Paul's was, if fishermen speak truth, filled, and West street blockaded. Of course, on such an occasion, 'priests' were abundant; three at least, are believed to have a hand in making two into one .nobler spirit; let us stoop to no unworthy The service was the most intricate as the most orthodox or heterodox could desire ; and the place of performance thereof was shifted in the most unexceptionable manner from point to point, until the heathen must have been at their wits' end. The for Congress. The ticket is an able and Past and our Honored Dead. But more of fy the most exorbitant; from cope to alb, from alb to chasuble, from chasuble to dalmatic. The Holy Eucharist was received by the bride and bridegroom only, it is reported; the other persons having probably come with the reverential intention of looking on. The altar was vested in whited frontal, and was ornamented with flowers, which, of course, were choice, and equally of course, were arranged with all the grace exhibited by those who would fain be married towards those who are going to be.

ported; the other persons having probably come with the reverential intention of looking on. The altar was vested in whited frontal, and was ornamented with flowers, which, of course, were choice, and equally of course, were arranged with all the grace exhibited by those who would fain be married towards those who are going to be.

I sented the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we heartily approve of and cordially endorse the nomination of Seymour and Blair as our candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States, and will use every honorable effort to secure their election in November next.

Resolved, That the Democratic platform is broad and wide enough to carry all who desire \$250,000. ported; the other persons having probably ever grown in the State, is now nearly of course, were arranged with all the grace

Lest anybody should fear that things were not altogether 'comfortable,' it should be to all good citizens, thoughout the length and mentioned that there were 'altar candles lighted during both sacraments.' A 'glo- tution and who are willing to lay aside all section siness seems to be a very poor word under the circumstances, but, is, perhaps, as apropriate as any other. The curious may there were sung wholly, or in part, Nos. 212, 213, 206 and 207 from 'Hymns Ancient nominations as officers : President, West and Modern,' and No. 129 from the 'Hymnal Noted.' No doubt the whole performance was likely to impress very vividly upon the performers, to say nothing of the spectators, the serious (and long-enduring, not to say tedious,) nature of what was underyes, even his Honor, commanded "silence taken, and a short notice of the affair may be either a warning or an encouragement (according to diversities of temperament) to those persons who, having High Church tendencies, are inclined to marry on three hundred a year. For it is to be presumed in such a country as this you cannot get married in that manner for nothing.

For the Journal.

Brunswick County,

Messrs. Editors :- At a meeting held at the Court House in Smithville, on Septemin Greensboro', on Tuesday night. The ber 2d, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the District Convention to be held at Favetteville on the 9th instant, Mr. G. W. Swain was called to the Chair, and J. dividuals, and a considerable number of ne-W. Galloway appointed Secretary.

On motion of Captain Jacob A. S. Price, the Chairman appointed the following dele-Northwest District-Joseph Green, D. S.

Cowan, D. C. Allen and D. M. Allen. Town Creek District-W. Hodges, Col. J. D. Taylor, T. G. Sellars, E. W. Taylor, Rufus Galloway and J. B. Evans. Smithville District-J. W. Galloway, W.

R. Sellars, J. C. Swain, Dr. L. Frink and Lockwood's Folly District-F. Galloway, A. Brown, A. L. Dew, Robert Hewett and

Shallotte District-Peter Rourk, S. Frink, S. Stanland, Dr. Tolson and

Waccamaw District-D. K. Bennett, F. Hughes and John Gause. On motion of O. D. Holmes, Esq., (withits success expressed grave doubts about out any disposition to dictate), we respectthe construction of the road in this State fully recommend A. A. McKoy for Con-

On motion, the meeting adjourned, with three cheers for Seymour and Blair. JOHN W. GALLOWAY, Sec'y.

For the Journal. Discussion in Brunswick.

Messrs. Editors: According to previous appointment the Executive Committee of Maryland, and was glad to see the appre the Seymour and Blair Club of Summer- ciation you bestow upon her efforts to ville, Brunswick county, North Carolina, met on Saturday, the 5th inst., for the that parliamentary and legal knowledge purpose of appointing three delegates to enabled them to tack on to it amendments represent the Club at the District Convenwhich may defeat it in the House on its tion at Fayetteville, North Carolina, on the 9th inst. Benj. F. Bryan, John Mallett and Sam'l Hall were appointed.

It happened that the Grant and Colfax colored Clubs had also previously appointed the same day for a grand ratification meeting at Summerville, and met also. for voting against the same thing in the Having all of their representatives with famous Driscrimination Bill, defeated the them to rejoice over their former victory, and having several of their best speakers present, the Executive Committee of the dating more than one thousand patients. Seymour and Blair Club, thinking that it always open for instruction, besides many would look more civilized to meet together, irrespective of party, proposed to the Exeour new jury system was read in Court day cutive Committee of the Grant and Colfax Clubs for all to meet in friendship and

Maj. Engelhard, of Wilmington, and Lewis Levy and Abram McKenzie, of the were the speakers on our side of the ques- thies are here, here are their interests also. tion, Gon. Rutherford and George Arnold

on the Radical platform. It being requested by the Radicals that the discussion should be opened by Maj. Engelhard, the Major appeared upon the stand and, in his usual style of eloquence and unanswerable argument, addressed the audience in a pleasing and masspell bound for one hour under the strong and eloquent appeals made to them by Maj. Engelhard, warning them of all the corruption of the Radical party and of the is to be \$5,000 on each proposition. I simoppressive taxation that party, in every ply say for him to give his address and law they enact, are bringing upon the la- stake the money where he may choose, and Extra Billy. - Another evidence of boring class, who he said were the produ- I will cover his pile. cers, and had to pay every dollar, dir and indirectly, and still very few

Gen. Rutherford can e forwar

Next appeared Lewis Lev gave the colored people g told them they were being Carpet-Baggers, and doing could against their best them that the more inte their race had seen the George Arnold, colored Radical, and gave good and spoke as much or n Democratic party than Abram McKenzie, co true and sensible remar people, at the close of dispersed, apparently in g Yours, &c.,

> Brunswick Count Pursuant to a previous call,

the citizens of Northwest and To District met on Saturday, the 29th instant, ry of War. It seen A correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette at the residence of John Nelson, Bruns- with Gen. Hampton' wick county, N. C., for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of Seymour and lican as any man can be, but despise, as 1 sident and Vice President of the United nent. States, also to form a Seymour and Blair

On motion of B. F. Bryan, Wesley Hodge was called to the Chair, and C. Murrell requested to act as Vice President of the meeting; Sam'l R. Chinnis and J. found contempt for the Times, and other papers of that sort, that I should not have humbled my of that sort, that I should not have T. Murrell were appointed Secretaries.

On motion of Sam'l R. Chinnis, the President appointed a committee of six to draft resolutions expressive of the feelings and principles of the Democrats of this vicinity. The following were the committee, viz : Sam'l R. Chinnis, B. F. Bryan, Sam' Hall, Joseph J. Gay, Wm. L. Hall and J. T. Murrell, who after a short time, presented the following resolutions, which

breadth of our land, who are true to the Consti-

al prejudices and go for the peace and prosperity of the country. On motion, the President appointed a committee of four to nominate officers for be glad to know that at different periods the Club, who reported through their Chairman, Sam'l R. Chinnis, the following

ley Hodge ; Vice Presidents, John Nelson Wm. Liles, Sr., Sam'l Hall and C. Mpr. rell; for Directors, B. F. Bryan, W. L. Hall, J. T. Murrell and J. E. Williams for Secretary and Treasurer, Sam'l R Chinnis, who were all unanimously elected On motion, the following resolution was adopted:

be sent to the Wilmington Journal for publica On motion, the meeting adjourned.

WESLEY HODGE, Chairman SAM'L R. CHINNIS, | Secretaries.

Resolved. That the proceedings of this meeting

Joe Holden in Bladen_Violence to a Culored Democrat. EDITORS JOURNAL :- Much to the sur

prise and amazement of the honest people of this section, Joe, the young Cub, turn ed up at Bladen Station yesterday, in care of his keeper, Joe Abbott, of New Hamp shire. Some half-dozen light colored in groes were out in due time to hear the Cab roar. But in consequence of a mammoth frog pond hard by, he was drowned in the chorus. Much enthusiasm prevailed, we we suppose, from the fact that a colored man from this place, who voted the Dem. ocratic ticket last election and now belongs to the Democratic Club at this place, was taken up and marched about the place at the muzzle of guns, with threats that if he voted the Democratic ticket again, they intended to hang him. This man was not there on his own account but merely pass-

under the nose of two of the Commission ers of this county. This is the source from which we are to expect justice. The Cub will be exhibited at Elizabeth

This conduct took place immediately

ing by on business.

town to-day. We guess they will keep an eye on the chap there, and not let him hurt anybody. Bladenboro' Sept. 8th.

For the Journal 108 BIDDLE STREET. BALTHMORE, Sept. 4th, 1868.

Messrs. Editors-Gentlemen :- In your issue of the 3d inst. I was pleased to observe a complimentary allusion to the School of Medicine of the University maintain a high, scholarly standard for the recipients of the honor she confers.

You will permit me, however, to make a slight correction which is required in the paragraph referring to the "vaster clinical ields" of New York and Philadelphia. It may be true that the great hospitals of those cities contain, in the aggregate, a larger number of patients than the similar institutions of our city, but it must be remembered that great distances and other causes practically render them unavailable for clinical purposes. But here, in addition to the model hospital of the University, containing nearly two hundred beds, accessible at all hours to students, and under the exclusive control of the Faculty, there are, in and near the city, charities accommopublic dispensaries, two of which are especially tributary to the clinical teaching

of the University. Indeed, no city presents superior advantages in this respect, and particularly the facilities for graduates entering immediately into hospital, as residents, are no

equalled anywhere. You will excuse me for troubling you with these details, but a continued misap prehension draws many students into the current which sweeps, by "force of habit, towards the North, and I would show our Southern young men that if their sympa-

> Very respectfully, Your ob't serv't,

A Radical Wager Accepted. BATH, ILL., August 28, 1868. I notice in the Tribune of August 27. that a New Jersey Republican wants to

wager \$15,000 as follows: First, that John J. Blair will be elected Governor of New Jersey; second, that Grant will get twice the States that Seymour will; third, that Grant will carry the election; the betting

and honor that I enclosed him the article, an send you his answer. I am as thorough a Repub all our party do, such malignant and unjustifiable attacks upon the honor and integrity of an opponent.

J. H. P.

New York, Sept. 5. WALHALLA, Aug. 30, 1868. Sir:-Your letter enclosing an article from the Times of the 17th instant has just reached me and it is due to you that I should acknowledge the civility you have shown in calling my atten tion to this attack upon me. I feel such a pro self to notice the article in question, nor should do so now bu to respond to your letter. This I do frankly, and I pronounce the statements made by "Hoboken" in reference to myself at the battle of Manassas as utterly false. To be more specific, I assert, "that I never commanded at any time the Black Horse cavalry;" that my command in that fight was a regiment of infantry; that I never shot a Col. Cameron, and that I never saw him, to my knowledge at the line or dead. him, to my knowledge, while alive or dead.

Thanking you for kindness in sending me the

paper, I am, respectfully, yours,
WADE HAMPTON JOSEPH H. PATTEN, Esq.

The Long Branch Daily News has sus pended until June 1, 1869. It estimates the receipts of the Continental Hotel at that place during the season just ended at